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PIRTLE, MORISSET SCHLOSSER & AYER

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

LILLIAN BLAKE PUZZ, et al., Plaintiffs.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR,

Defendants, WILLFRED COLEGROVE, et al.,

Defendants, Counter and Cross-Claimants.

and

NO. C80-2908 TEH

ORDER AFTER STATUS CONFERENCE

On August 31, 1988, this Court held a status conference at which the parties addressed several issues concerning the scope and implementation of the federal defendants' compliance plan (hereafter "plan"). After carefully considering the arguments of counsel, and the parties' papers filed in response to the plan, the Court makes the following rulings.

First, the Court has determined that the plan, while imperfect in many ways, is basically a workable plan that generally meets the concerns articulated in our April 8, 1988 The Court thus denies plaintiffs' motion to strike the order. plan. However, the Court realizes that the plan can be improved upon and that there are a number of issues raised by the parties that would need to be addressed before a final, long-term plan

could be approved by this Court. These issues include, but are not limited to, the composition of the CAC, how the electorate should be defined or any other election related issues, the applicability of the APA, the CAC's role with respect to reservation activities outside the budget process (i.e., timber management and leases), and the propriety of appointing a "watchdog" or monitor.

It now appears, however, that there is a strong possibility that the "Bosco legislation" may be enacted by mid-October. Thus, the Court will only undertake the substantial task of finalizing the plan, and addressing the long-term issues raised by the parties at the status conference and in their papers, if it becomes apparent that the legislation will not be enacted. Until such time as the plan is finalized, or the Bosco legislation is passed, the BIA should continue implementing the plan, in its present form, pursuant to our June 20, 1988 order conditionally approving the plan, except to the extent that this or any future order provides for interim modifications of the plan.

As the parties know, The process leading up to the adoption of the first quarter budget for the 1988-89 year is already well underway and far behind schedule. Any attempt to address the composition of the CAC or the other issues above, with respect to the first quarter, would only cause additional delay. Thus, at this point, the Court will limit itself to focusing on those steps of the plan that remain to be implemented before the the first quarter budget is adopted. We now turn to those steps.

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1. Consideration of the CAC's recommendations

The BIA shall give the CAC's recommendations "heavy consideration". In addition, if the BIA rejects any CAC recommendation, it shall provide, in writing, its specific reasons for doing so.

2. Publicizing the Budget Hearings

The Court has concluded, given the low voter turnout for the CAC election, that notice by newspaper publication is insufficient to adequately publicize the budget hearings, at least at this initial stage. Moreover, the fact that not every address is current (which will always be the case) does not justify relying solely on publication. Thus, in addition to publication, the BIA shall mail, first class, a notice of the budget hearings, to the Hoopa and non-Hoopa indians of the reservation, no later than September 10, 1988. The notice shall contain the same information included in the newspaper notice; however, the notice shall be typed in a letter format, using normal size type and allowing at least 1 1/2 spaces between lines. In addition, the BIA shall include a copy of the initial notice that was published on July 13, 1988. An explanatory cover letter may also be included.

3. Completion of the first quarter budget

The BIA has not exhibited a serious committment to implementing the plan in a timely manner. Of particular note is the BIA's unexplained delay of 3 1/2 weeks between the time this Court denied the Hoopas' motion for stay and conditionally approved the plan (on June 20, 1988), and the BIA's initial

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publication of the plan process on July 13, 1988. Regardless of the BIA's reasons for extending the deadlines several times, the Court now intends for the BIA to complete the budget process in as timely a manner as possible. The CAC is scheduled to meet for a third time on September 16, 1988, and the budget hearings are scheduled for September 19, 20, and 21st. Unless this Court finds, upon a showing of very good cause, why it would be impossible to accomplish the following, the BIA shall "assemble all written comments and prepare budget package to forward to SAO for approval along with recommendations" by October 7, 1988. "Review and approval by Area office" shall occur by October 17, 1988. Publication of program and dollar limitations in the Times Standard, Kourier, and Del Norte Triplicate shall occur by October 21, 1988.

Consideration of proposals submitted by BIA staff The Court does not find that that submission of proposals by BIA staff is improper per se, and sees no reason for limiting the discretion of the CAC to recommend and prioritize proposals as it deems appropriate.

5. Cost of Implementation

Reservation funds may be used to cover the reasonable costs of implementating the plan.

In addition, the Court does not intend to review the 1987-88 fiscal budget or any previous budgets.

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Accordingly, and good cause appearing, its HEREBY ORDERED that 1. Plaintiffs' motion to strike the compliance plan is denied (although the issues raised therein will be considered in the event a final plan is fashioned). 2. Federal defendants' implementation of the plan shall proceed consistent with this order. IT IS SO ORDERED. DATE Thelton Henderson, United States District Court. 3